

## The Global Farm Metric Research Tool (UK) Data Checklist

You can use this list to help collect the information needed to fill in your self-assessment.

Please ensure the information you collect covers a 12 month period of your choice – e.g. January to January or harvest to harvest.

Find more guidance on completing the GFMRT here: https://www.globalfarmmetric.org/gfmrt/

Contact: info@globalfarmmetric.org

Data to collect	Unit	Notes	Collected?
Initial data collection	, J	1.101.00	3023134.1
This section asks for basic farm inform	ation. The data	collected feeds into several calculati	ons
throughout the tool			
Assessment period		Should be a 12 month period, e.g.	
•		July 2022 – July 2023, or the 2022	
		to 2023 tax year	
Dominant soil type	Select one	Sandy and light	
,.		Medium soil	
		Heavy soil	
		Chalk and limestone	
		Peaty soil	
Annual rainfall	mm/year	,	
Altitude	M above sea		
	level		
Crops grown	На		
marketable yield	Tonnes/ha		
exported	Tonnes		
Forage crops	На		
Area of permanent pasture and	На		
rough grazing			
Average age of permanent grassland	years	Your best estimate is enough.	
Area of moorland, ponds, non-	На	Your best estimate is enough.	
• •			
use, including roads			
Livestock numbers, import and	No.	If livestock numbers change	
export		considerably throughout the	
		year, the easiest way to work out	
		the average is to list how many of	
		each livestock type are present in	
		each month and then work out	
		the average (add all 12 months	
		together and divide by 12). More	
Livestock product, import and export	Litres,		
(e.g. milk, wool, eggs)	tonnes,		
	dozens		
Farm woodland (mixed, conifers,	На	Use a best estimate if exact	
broadleaved and approximate age),		hedgerow length is unknown.	
agroforestry area and hedgerow			
(length and width)			
Harvested wood products (wood	Tonnes, m3		
fuel, timber)			
Livestock numbers, import and export  Livestock product, import and export (e.g. milk, wool, eggs)  Farm woodland (mixed, conifers, broadleaved and approximate age), agroforestry area and hedgerow (length and width)  Harvested wood products (wood	No.  Litres, tonnes, dozens Ha	considerably throughout the year, the easiest way to work out the average is to list how many of each livestock type are present in each month and then work out the average (add all 12 months together and divide by 12). More info here: Livestock average  Use a best estimate if exact	

Seed and feed type, import and	Tonnes			
Arable straw import and export	Tonnes			
Organic fertiliser type, import and export	Tonnes			
Inorganic fertiliser type, import and export	Tonnes			
Productivity Captures how goods are produced to i	ndicate econom	nic sustainability		
Crop, livestock and livestock product exports, volume sold and price received	No.	Please skip this section		
Livestock income from sales and costs including: marketing; processing; feed; fodder; bedding; vet med; contractor; transport; other.	No. (£)	Please skip this section		
Crops total income from sales and costs including: marketing; processing; seed; fertiliser; crop protection; fuel for heating/ drying; contractors; other.	No. (£)	Please skip this section		
Costs for Machinery, facilities, land rent, labour, capital, depreciation.	No. (£)	Please skip this section		
Farm Income (subsidies, grants, other enterprises (agricultural and non- agricultural).	No. (£)	Please skip this section		
Assets (owned land rental value, machinery)	No. (£)	Please skip this section		
Farm resilience questions		Multiple choice		
Soil  Captures soil health in terms of structure, organic matter and soil biodiversity  For each test, choose three fields that are representative of your farm (e.g. representing different soil types or different enterprises (arable/permanent pasture).  Sampling should take place between March and May when the soil is moist - avoid sampling when the				
soils are waterlogged or frozen.				
Soil organic matter (SOM)	SOM %	Only enter if historic results are available, if not please continue with the VESS assessment and the earthworm count		

Soil structure	SQ1-5	Assess soil structure using the VESS protocol. 6 samples in total: please choose 2 fields representative of your farm and take 3 samples from each field You could do the VESS assessment at the same time as the earthworm count to save time		
Infiltration rate	Minutes	Please skip the infiltration test		
Earthworm numbers and no. earthworm ecotypes	No	6 samples in total, 2 fields – 3 samples each. Ideally in spring, as best results are attained when the soil has been moist for a while, but not waterlogged.  Use this earthworm count.		
Land impacted by erosion, left bare	%	Ose triis <u>earthworm count.</u>		
in winter				
Water				
Captures water quality and managem	ent			
Percentage of water from mains/abstracted/stored rainwater/recycled water	%	Abstracted water includes from groundwater or a surface water body like a river, lake, or artificial storage reservoir.		
For each water body type on farm, identify plants below/ emerging from/ floating on surface, fish, frogs/toads, aquatic birds, bluegreen algae	Yes/no	Observe once per season.		
Air and climate				
Captures direct and indirect emissions  This category does not require any data inputting – outputs are based on your answers in other categories.				
Energy and resource use				
Identifies what energy is fuelling the formal contractor fuel use	MJ	Identifies different fuels used on farm, divided between different enterprises. Contractor labour, whole crop stubble to stubble, and combine harvesting is also included. Please read the		

phosphorous and potassium for crops, livestock, livestock products, seeds, feeds, and straw limport and export of organic and inorganic fertiliser  Animal husbandry  This considers your livestock's health, welfare and "human edible feed efficiency"  All data is collected over grazing season  Vet and med expenditure  £ per head  Ability to perform natural behaviours  Multiple choice day that livestock have access to pasture and grazing each season.  Staff resources  No. Staff hours looking after livestock.  Plant and crop health  Identifies crop cultivation practices on the farm.  Number of spray rounds per crop type  Diversity of crop and grasses in rotation  Biodiversity  Indicates the abundance and diversity of species on the whole farm  Number of livestock breeds.  Area (ha) of different habitat types (definitions UK Habitat  Classification).			guidelines in the Global Farm Metric tool for assistance.	
Captures nutrient management in relation to water and soil quality, biodiversity, productivity and crophealth Total import and export nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium for crops, livestock, livestock products, seeds, feeds, and straw Import and export of organic and inorganic fertiliser Animal husbandry This considers your livestock's health, welfare and "human edible feed efficiency"  All data is collected over grazing season Vet and med expenditure  £ per head  Ability to perform natural behaviours  Multiple choice day that livestock have access to pasture and grazing each season.  Staff resources  No.  Staff hours looking after livestock.  Plant and crop health Identifies crop cultivation practices on the farm.  Number of spray rounds per crop type  Diversity of crop and grasses in rotation Biodiversity Indicates the abundance and diversity of species on the whole farm  Number of crop species and varieties.  No.  No.  Area (ha) of different habitat types (definitions UK Habitat Classification). Bird count  No.  Best done in in February - find out how here.	Nutrient management			
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Bird count No. Best done in in February - find out how <u>here.</u>	(definitions UK Habitat	ha		
	Bird count	No.	-	
	Butterfly count	No.		

An indication of the contribution of the farm to wider society (local, regional, national)

Multiple choice answers regarding education, community engagement and public access – no data to be collected in advance.

## Human

An indication of the health and wellbeing of the people working on and associated with the farm

Number of full and part-time staff	No.	Total number of hours	
(including yourself, volunteers and			
family members) working on farm.			
Total number of training days for	No.	Total days, so if 10 employees	
staff.		had 5 training days each, it would	
		be 50 training days	
Total number of sick days for staff.	No.	All staff	